## **Literacy rate**

Metadata on MDG indicators National Bureau of Statistics of the Republic of Moldova (NBS)

Definition	Method I: The share of population aged 15 years and over, who can read and
	write in the total population aged 15 and over. These data are only available for
	census years.
	Method II: During the intercensus period the indicator is calculated as a share of
	the population aged 15-24 years, having completed/fully attained at least the
	primary education level in the total population aged 15-24 years.
National MDG	MDG 2. Ensure access to general compulsory education (grades 1-9).
Measurement Unit	%
Calculation Formula	Method I:
	$RA_{pa} = P_{sc} / PT *100$
	where:
	$RA_{pa}$ – literacy rate of the adult population (15 years and over)
	$P_{sc}$ – the number of population aged 15 years and over who can write and read
	PT – the total number of population aged 15 years and over.
	Mathad II.
	Method II:
	$RA_{pa} = P_{nived} / PT * 100$
	where:
	$RA_{pa}$ - literacy rate of the adult population(15-24 years)
	$P_{nived}$ - graduate of at least the primary education level in the total population aged
	15 and older
	PT - the total number of population aged 15-24 years.
Disaggregation level	The data are available for:
	- whole country (without the left part of the river Nistru and municipality
	Bender);
	- sex;
	- area.
Dissemination	According to Method I - once every 10 years.
Periodicity	According to Method II – annually.
Timeliness	1. According to Method I – after 12 months after conducting the census.
Davisian	2. According to Method II - April after the reference year.
Revision	The data are final at first dissemination
Data source	<ol> <li>The population census (the last was carried out in 2004).</li> <li>Household Statistical Survey on Labour Force - Labour Force Survey (LFS),</li> </ol>
	conducted by the NBS:
	http://www.statistica.md/public/files/Metadate/en/AFM_en.pdf
	nap.,, www.statistica.ma/paonic/mes/rictadate/en/rii ivi_en.pai
Comparability at	The data are comparable at international level.
International Level	
Comparability Over	LFS data are comparable over time and are available since 2000.
Time	r

Coherence with other Statistics (correlated	The coherence of the Labour Force Survey with the data from the population census:
indicators)	Differences in concepts:
	1. LFS' distribution of population by level of education is accordingly to the "highest level of the formal education completed/attained" (with or without a diploma or a graduation certificate), namely: 1) no education; 2) primary education; 3) gymnasium education; 4) Lyceum education, secondary general; 5) secondary professional education; 6) secondary specialized education; 7) higher education; 8) master; 9) doctorate.
	During the population census, for the question regarding "the level of education" there are additional (compared with LFS) variables: a) without primary school, but read and write, and b) illiterate.
	2. LFS provides annual average data.
	The information from the census corresponds to a critical period (during the population census of 2004 - 5 October, at 0.00).
	Differences in measurement:
	The population census is an <i>exhaustive survey</i> .
	LFS is a sample survey.
	For details see LFS methodology:
	http://www.statistica.md/public/files/Metadate/en/AFM_en.pdf
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Last Metadata Update	30.03.2015
Note	More detailed metadata are available at: <a href="http://www.statistica.md/public/files/Metadate/en/AFM_en.pdf">http://www.statistica.md/public/files/Metadate/en/AFM_en.pdf</a> <a href="http://www.statistica.md/public/files/Metadate/en/Populatia_en.pdf">http://www.statistica.md/public/files/Metadate/en/Populatia_en.pdf</a> Data series with information on the MDG target are available at: <a href="http://www.statistica.md/pageview.php?l=en&amp;idc=421&amp;id=3199">http://www.statistica.md/pageview.php?l=en&amp;idc=421&amp;id=3199</a>