

MOLDOVA IN FIGURES

Statistical pocket-book

2021

MOLDOVA IN FIGURES | 2021

Statistical pocket-book

Chisinau, 2021

EDITORIAL BOARD

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FOREWORD

The publication comprises a short information about the socio-economic and demographic situation of the country in 2020 in comparison with the previous years.

The information is presented without data on the enterprises and organisations from the left side of the river Nistru and municipality Bender, except the cases mentioned in particular, where the indicators were presented in total for the country.

Data on natural movement and migration of the population include some cases of registration of inhabitants from the left side of the river Nistru and mun. Bender.

Relative indicators related to population were (re)calculated (including retrospectively) based on the number of the usual resident population.

Data for previous years, for some indicators, are precised in comparison with data published earlier. Data for 2020, for a series of indicators, are preliminary and can be rectified in the next editions.

More detailed statistical information will be published in the Statistical Yearbook of the Republic of Moldova and in other official statistical issues of the National Bureau of Statistics.

Symbols used

- not applicable
- ... data not available
- 0,0 negligible magnitude

In some cases, there may occur insignificant discrepancies between the totals and corresponding sums of the components, fact that could be explained by data approximation.

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Key features



Key features

Geographic situation of the Republic of Moldova

	Extrem point (locality)	Region	Northern latitude	Eastern longitude ¹
North	Naslavcea	Ocnița	48°29'	27°35'
South	Giurgiulești	Cahul	45°28'	28°12'
East	Palanca	Ștefan Vodă	46°24'	30°09'
West	Criva	Briceni	48°16'	26°37'

¹ According Greenwich

- **Moldova** lies on the South-Eastern part of Europe. At North, East and South it is neighboring with Ukraine, at West – with Romania. The area is equal to 33,8 thousand km². From North to South it has 339 km, while from West to East – 155 km.
- **Resident population** of the Republic of Moldova as of 01.01.2021 was 2,6 million of persons.
Population density as of 01.01.2021 – 85,5 inhabitants per 1 km².
- **The capital** of the Republic of Moldova is Chișinău is divided into 5 administrative sectors: Botanica, Buiucani, Centru, Ciocana and Râșcani.
- **The following types of relief** exist on the territory of Moldova: plains, plateaus, hills, valleys and canyons. Influenced by relief and climate factors, the 2 types of flora are predominant: forest and steppe. In the deciduous forests there are oaks, beeches, elms and hornbeams. The steppe flora can be seen only on separate territories and fragments with steppe elements.

Major rivers

Name of the river	Length of the river ¹ , km	Area of the basin ¹ , km ²
Nistru	657	19 070
Prut	695	7 990
Răut	286	7 760

¹ On the territory of the Republic of Moldova

Major natural lakes

Name of the lake	Region	Area of the lake, km ²
Beleu	Cahul	9,5
Manta	Cahul	21,0
Nistru Vechi	Căușeni	1,9
Salașu	Anenii Noi	3,7

Air temperature, in 2020

Celsius degrees

Meteorological station	Annual average	Annual absolute maximum	Annual absolute minimum
Briceni	+10,7	+34,2	-10,0
Chișinău	+12,7	+35,4	-6,9
Cahul	+13,1	+36,6	-7,5

Precipitations, in 2020

Meteorological station	Annual quantity of precipitations, mm	Number of days with 0,1 mm precipitations and over	Relative air humidity, %
Briceni	614	128	72
Chișinău	562	102	61
Cahul	460	103	69

Wind speed, duration of daylight, in 2020

Meteorological station	Annual average wind speed, m/s	Duration of daylight, hours
Briceni	2,0	2 218
Chișinău	2,9	2 529
Cahul	3,3	2 539

Scientific reservations

Name of the reservation	Region	Area, ha	Year of foundation
Codrii	Strășeni	5 177	1971
Iagorlic	Dubăsari	836	1988
Pădurea Domnească	Glodeni	6 032	1993
Plaiul Fagului	Ungheni	5 642	1992
Prutul de Jos	Cahul	1 691	1991

Key features

Administrative-territorial division of the Republic of Moldova, as of January 1, 2021

Regions	32
Municipalities	13
Cities	53
within municipalities	6
Localities within cities (municipalities)	41
Villages (communes)	916
Localities within communes (except residence villages)	659
Total localities	1 682
Autonomous-territorial units	1
Administrative-territorial units from the left part of the river Nistru, to which special forms and conditions of autonomy can be assigned	1

Population



Usual resident population, as of January 1

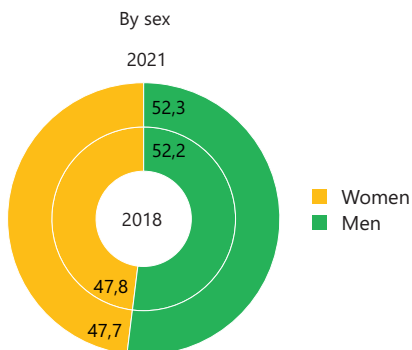
thousand persons

	2018	2019	2020	2021 ¹
Total population	2 730,4	2 681,7	2 643,9	2 597,1
By sex:				
Men	1 305,3	1 277,2	1 262,4	1 239,9
Women	1 425,1	1 404,5	1 381,5	1 357,2
By age group, years:				
0 – 14	510,2	506,5	489,5	476,3
15 – 59	1 674,7	1 616,8	1 580,4	1 536,8
60 +	545,5	558,4	574,0	584,0

¹ Data for usual resident population on January 1, 2021 are preliminary calculations.

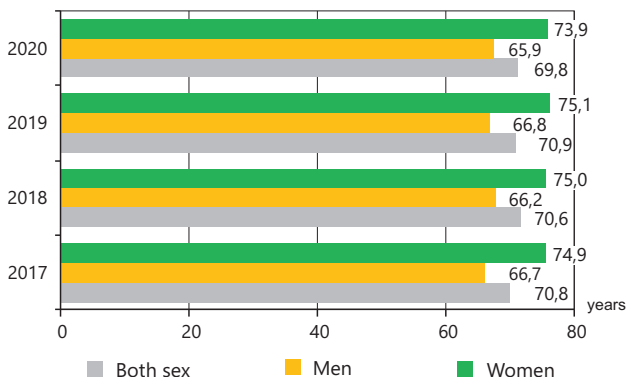
Usual resident population of the Republic of Moldova as of 01.01.2021 was 2,6 million persons, decreasing compared to the same period of 2020 by 46,8 thousand persons. These changes are mainly due to the losses caused by net migration and the negative natural growth of the population.

Usual resident population, as of January 1, in %



The distribution of the population by gender is as follows: 52,3% (1,4 million persons) – women and 47,7% (1,2 million persons) – men.

Life expectancy at birth, by sex



Life expectancy at birth in 2020 decreased compared to 2017 by 0,8 years for the male population and by 1,0 years for female. Current values are 65,9 years for men and 73,9 years for women. Thus, women have an average life span of 8,0 years longer than men.

Vital statistics¹

	2017	2018	2019	2020 ²
Live-births	36 363	34 537	32 423	30 730
Boys	18 722	17 790	16 637	16 111
Girls	17 641	16 747	15 789	14 619
Deaths	36 779	37 263	36 411	40 656
Natural increase	-416	-2 726	-3 988	-9 926

¹ Data on the number of live births and deaths were recalculated based on the date of birth / death, and not on the civil status document. The number of live births also includes births registered on the basis of transcribed birth certificates.

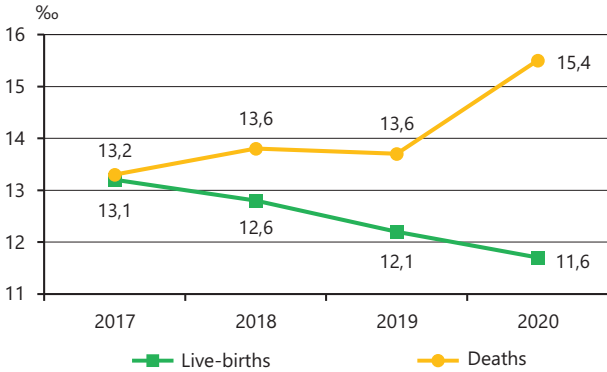
² Preliminary data

Source: Public Services Agency

In 2020 there were registered 30,7 thousand live-births, decreasing by 5,2% compared to the previous year.

In 2020, 40,7 thousand people deceased, an increase of 11,7% compared to 2019. Death rate remains at a higher level than birth rate.

Vital statistics rates per 1000 inhabitants



Mortality rates by main classes of causes of death

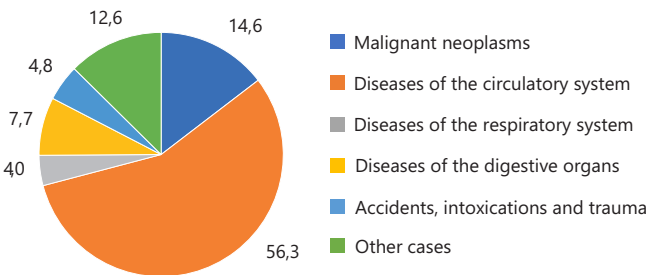
per 100 000 inhabitants

	2017	2018	2019	2020 ¹
Total deaths	1 336,4	1 378,5	1 366,3	1 551,5
Malignant neoplasms	220,6	226,6	230,1	226,6
Diseases of the circulatory system	779,8	798,3	807,2	873,5
Diseases of the respiratory apparatus	58,5	57,9	59,8	62,4
Diseases of the digestive apparatus	112,0	125,1	122,3	118,9
Accidents, poisoning and injuries	82,5	83,9	82,2	74,1
Other causes	83,0	86,7	64,7	196,0

¹ Preliminary data

Source: National Agency for Public Health

Structure of deaths by major classes of causes of death, in 2020, %



Infant mortality

	2017	2018	2019	2020
Infant deaths under 1 year ¹ , persons	334	311	271	268
Boys	187	184	141	145
Girls	147	127	130	123
Infant deaths per 1000 live-births ²	9,2	9,0	8,4	8,7
Boys	10,0	10,4	8,5	9,0
Girls	8,3	7,6	8,2	8,4

¹ Data on the number of deaths were calculated on the basis of the date of death, and not on the basis of the date of registration of the death

² Including newborns with a weight of 500-999 grams

The number of deaths under one year registered in 2020 was 268 cases, with 3 cases less than in the previous year. Infant mortality for boys is higher than for girls.

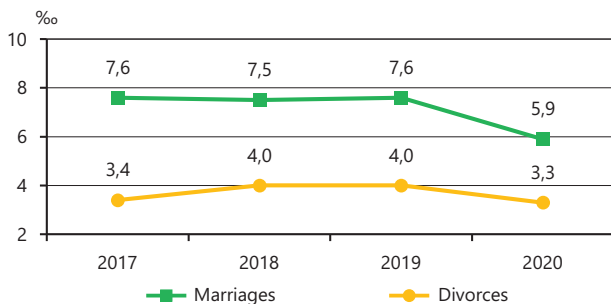
Marriages and divorces

	2017	2018	2019	2020
Number of marriages	20 924	20 399	20 301	15 540
Number of divorces	9 312	10 722	10 736	8 665

In 2020 there were about 15,5 thousand marriages, compared to 2019 this indicator decreased by 23,5%.

The number of divorces in 2020 was about 8,7 thousand, which represents 19,3% less than in 2019.

Marriage and divorce rates per 1000 inhabitants



Internal migration caused by change of residence place

persons

	2017	2018	2019	2020
Total	30 732	31 398	39 039	29 158
From urban to urban	8 527	9 066	10 879	8 593
From rural to urban	10 186	11 062	13 955	10 901
From urban to rural	4 682	4 549	5 871	3 898
From rural to rural	7 337	6 721	8 334	5 766

Source: Public Services Agency

A number of 29,2 thousand of people changed their residence place inside the country during the 2020 year. The intensity of internal migration can be measured by the number of arrivals and departures per 1000 inhabitants. The population mobility index in 2020 registered a value of 11,1 per 1000 inhabitants compared to 11,2 in 2017.

Migration flows from rural to urban have the highest share in the structure of internal migration.

Emigrants by country of destination¹

persons

	2017	2018	2019	2020
Left the Republic of Moldova – total	2 111	2 243	3 660	1 607
of which, to:				
Belarus	35	59	118	41
Russian Federation	825	1 081	1 941	847
Germany	342	350	341	250
Israel	164	156	200	82
Turkey	21	11	21	23
Romania	10	13	15	8
United States of America	290	207	564	119
Ukraine	289	233	212	102
Other countries	135	133	248	135

¹ In total for the country

Source: Public Services Agency

Distribution of immigrants by country of emigration

persons

	2017	2018	2019	2020
Arrived in the Republic of Moldova – total	3 708	4 223	4 857	2 875
of them, from:				
Armenia	32	31	35	23
Azerbaijan	80	171	256	86
Belarus	27	42	48	27
Bulgaria	15	17	18	17
China	24	27	35	12
Russian Federation	685	683	739	426
France	41	33	43	22
Israel	456	489	83	42
Italy	139	130	118	81
Kazakhstan	33	22	37	23
Romania	427	450	459	386
Syria	15	24	9	12
United States of America	206	210	226	79
Turkey	245	430	760	432
Ukraine	681	752	919	642
Other countries	602	712	1 072	565

Source: Ministry of Internal Affairs

Distribution of immigrants by country of emigration and purpose of arrival, in 2020

persons

	Total	Purpose of arrival			
		for work	for studies	family immigration	other causes
Number of immigrants	2 875	1 371	241	1 046	217
of them, from:					
Azerbaijan	86	47	9	26	4
Belarus	27	6	1	20	–
Russian Federation	426	66	4	286	70
France	22	4	1	7	10
Germany	18	4	–	6	8
India	79	10	59	5	5
Israel	42	4	26	11	1
Italy	81	28	1	38	14
Romania	386	183	32	142	29
Syria	12	5	–	4	3
United States of America	79	21	34	5	19
Turkey	432	362	18	40	12
Ukraine	642	254	28	318	42
Other countries	543	377	28	138	–

Source: Ministry of Internal Affairs

Labour force



Labour force

In 2020, the labour force registered 867 thousand persons. The main component, employment, constituted 96% of the labour force, being slightly higher than the previous year (94,9%).

The gender distribution of the labour force, also did not undergo any substantial changes, the share of men (52,4%) was higher than that of women (47,6%).

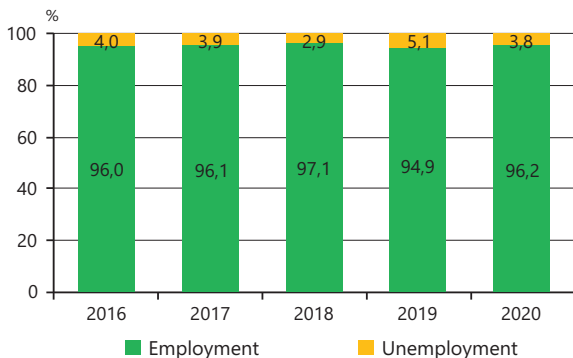
Distribution of population by labour force participation

	thousand persons			
	2017	2018	2019 ¹	2020
Labour force	1 000	1 018	919	867
of which, women	485	503	444	413
Employment	961	988	872	834
of which, women	470	491	425	400
Population employed in non-agricultural activities	619	600	690	658
of which, women	325	314	354	334
ILO ² unemployment	39	30	47	33
of which, women	16	12	19	13

¹ Break in time series: in 2019, the new survey plan and the revised definition of employment were implemented. Details: [Labour Force Survey Methodology](#)

² International Labour Office

Structure of the labour force



Distribution of employment by main economic activities

thousand persons

	2017	2018	2019 ¹	2020
Total	961	988	872	834
of which:				
Agriculture, forestry and fishing	341	389	183	176
Industry	107	108	128	121
Construction	43	46	61	60
Wholesale and retail trade, accommodation and food service activities	154	143	164	148
Transport, information and communication	55	54	60	62
Public administration; education; health and social assistance	183	176	198	193
Other activities	76	72	79	74

¹ See note 1, page 20

As defined by the International Labour Office (ILO) unemployment rate in 2020 was of 3,8%. Unemployment rate makes it possible, by comparison, to identify the groups of people who most actively seek to enter the labour market. Thus, young people are more active than adults, men more active than women, the inhabitants of the cities were more active in 2020 than the inhabitants of the villages.

ILO unemployment rate, by age group, sex and area

percentage

	2017	2018	2019 ¹	2020
Total	3,9	2,9	5,1	3,8
under 25	11,9	7,1	10,4	10,9
25 and older	3,3	2,6	4,7	3,4
Men	4,5	3,4	5,8	4,3
under 25	10,9	7,4	11,1	9,9
25 and older	4,0	3,1	5,4	3,9
Women	3,2	2,4	4,4	3,2
under 25	13,3	6,8	9,4	12,3
25 and older	2,5	2,1	4,0	2,8
Urban	5,8	4,7	4,9	4,5
under 25	14,7	10,5	10,7	14,6
25 and older	5,1	4,2	4,4	3,7
Rural	2,5	1,8	5,3	3,3
under 25	10,0	4,8	10,1	7,0
25 and older	1,9	1,6	4,9	3,1

¹ See note 1, page 20

Registered unemployment, by age group and level of education, during the year

thousand persons

	2017	2018	2019	2020
Registered unemployment – total	42,1	35,5	31,5	50,2
of which, women	19,5	16,7	14,9	24,6
Registered unemployment by age group:				
under 25	6,8	5,2	3,7	4,6
of which, women	3,3	2,6	1,9	2,2
25 and older	35,3	30,3	27,8	45,6
of which, women	16,2	14,1	13,0	22,4
Registered unemployment by level of education:				
Primary	3,1	3,1	3,0	5,5
of which, women	1,5	1,6	1,5	2,7
General secondary	24,6	20,7	18,0	26,6
of which, women	11,7	9,8	8,6	13,2
Secondary vocational	8,6	7,1	6,2	9,6
of which, women	2,9	2,5	2,2	3,8
Postsecondary vocational	2,5	2,1	1,9	3,5
of which, women	1,4	1,2	1,1	2,0
Higher education	3,3	2,5	2,4	5,0
of which, women	2,0	1,6	1,5	2,9

Source: National Employment Agency

Population incomes and expenditures



Population incomes and expenditures

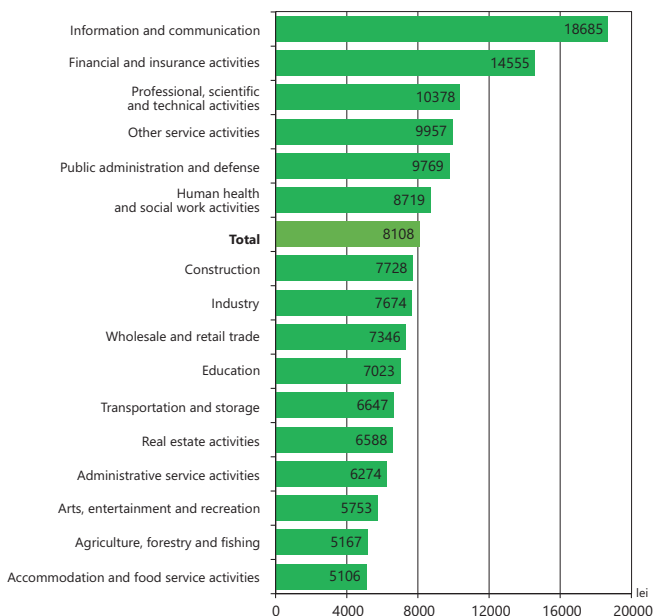
In 2020, the average gross monthly nominal earnings in the national economy constituted 8107,5 lei and increased compared to 2019 in nominal value by 10,2%, and in real terms (adjusted to the consumer price index) - by 6, 2%.

Average monthly earnings per employee by economic activities¹

	2017	2018	2019	2020
Total	5 697,1	6 446,4	7 356,1	8 107,5
of which:				
Agriculture, forestry and fishing	3 798,0	4 318,4	4 834,4	5 167,3
Industry	5 902,7	6 544,7	7 184,3	7 673,6
Construction	5 649,8	6 456,2	7 301,5	7 728,1
Wholesale and retail trade	5 120,1	6 009,7	6 729,4	7 346,4
Transportation and storage	5 389,6	6 077,0	6 979,3	6 647,3
Activities of accommodation and public alimentation	3 812,9	4 544,0	5 136,5	5 105,7
Information and communication	12 443,7	14 276,1	16 323,5	18 685,3
Financial and assurances activities	11 034,7	12 181,8	13 834,0	14 555,0
Real estate transactions	5 107,2	5 534,9	6 096,9	6 587,7
Professional, scientific and technical activities	7 392,1	8 447,7	9 792,6	10 378,1
Activities of administrative services	4 752,3	5 243,1	5 748,2	6 273,7
Public administration and defense	7 361,4	8 397,8	8 916,9	9 769,4
Education	4 459,0	5 147,4	6 338,7	7 023,3
Health and social assistance	5 634,6	6 228,0	7 160,1	8 718,9
Art, leisure and recreation activities	3 323,9	3 780,2	5 128,4	5 752,8
Other service activities	7 592,9	7 182,1	8 773,4	9 957,2

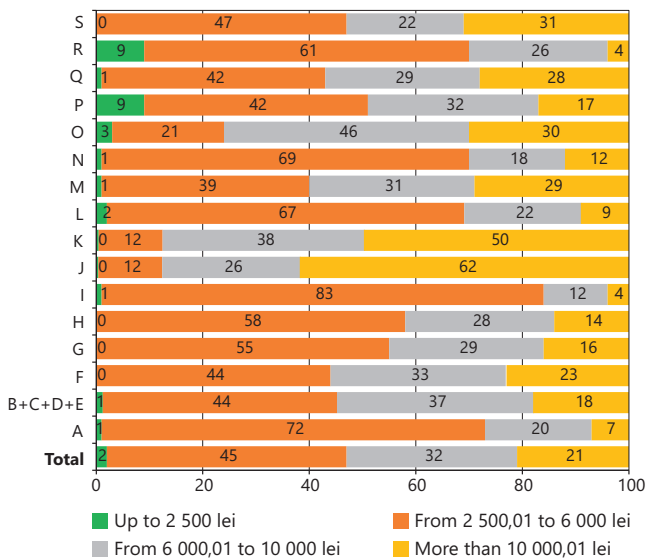
¹ Data include economic and social units with 4 or more employees and all budgetary institutions, regardless of the number of employees

Average monthly earnings per employee, by economic activities, in 2020



Population incomes and expenditures

The distribution of employees¹ according to the salary size, by economic activities, in September 2020, %



A – Agriculture, forestry and fishing

B+C+D+E – Industry

F – Construction

G – Wholesale and retail trade

H – Transportation and storage

I – Accommodation and food service activities

J – Information and communication

K – Financial and insurance activities

L – Real estate activities

M – Professional, scientific and technical activities

N – Administrative service activities

O – Public administration and defense

P – Education

Q – Human health and social work activities

R – Arts, entertainment and recreation

S – Other service activities

¹ Employees who worked full month of September (and full day)

Population incomes and expenditures

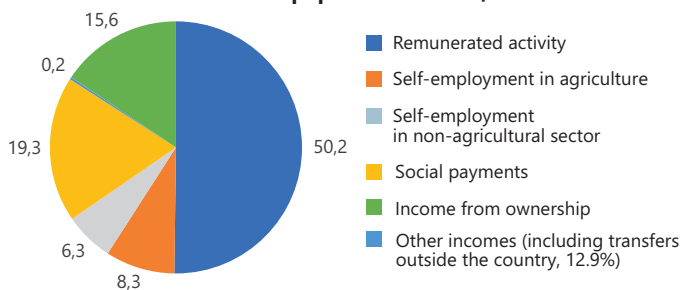
In 2020, the available disposable incomes of population amounted in average per person per month – 3096,6 lei, increasing with 7,5% compared with the previous year. Depending on the residence place, the urban population incomes were on average 993,0 lei or 1,4 times higher compared to rural areas.

The structure of the disposable incomes, predominantly are monetary income, with a share of 92,8% compared to 7,2% for income in kind. Money revenues are more significant for the urban environment (96,8%), and in the case of the rural population their contribution is 89,3%.

Population incomes

	2019	2020
Disposable incomes (monthly average per capita) – total, lei	2 880,6	3 096,6
urban	3 521,9	3 695,2
rural	2 457,2	2 702,2
Share of monetary incomes in total of disposable incomes – total, %	92,3	92,8
urban	96,7	96,8
rural	88,1	89,3
Share of income in kind in total disposable income in kind – total, %	7,7	7,2
urban	3,3	3,2
rural	11,9	10,7

Structure of disposable incomes of population in 2020, %



The remunerated activity represents the most important source of income with a share of 50,2% in total disposable incomes, this contribution was maintained at the level of 2019.

Social payments are the second most important source of income that contributed to the increase of the incomes of the population to 19,3% or with 0,6 percentage points more than the previous year.

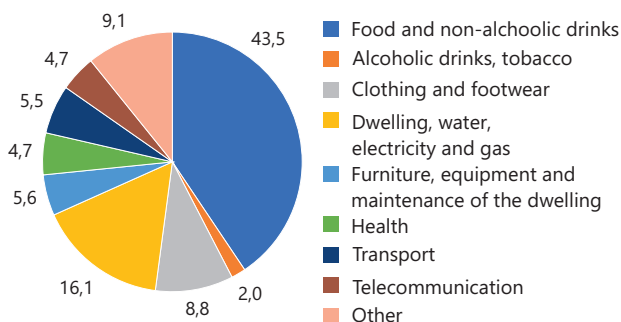
Population incomes and expenditures

Money transfers from outside the country remain a significant source for the household budget. On average, it represents 12,9% of total incomes or with 0,5 percentage points more than the year 2019.

Average monthly consumption expenditures of the population in 2020 amounted in average 2791,2 lei per person, remained almost at the level of the previous year. Given that the urban population has higher incomes, correspondingly their consumption expenditures are 1157,5 lei more or 1,5 times higher than the expenditures of the rural population.

The major part of expenditures was intended for food consumption needs – 43,5%.

Structure of consumption expenditures of population, in 2020, %



Population incomes and expenditures

In 2020, the size of the subsistence level constituted in average 2088,4 lei.

Depending on the place of residence, the subsistence level reveals significant differences, the highest value being recorded for the population from large cities (Chişinău and Bălţi) – 2318,8 lei or 12,7% more compared to the subsistence level small cities – 2057,9 lei and 15,8% more compared to the rural area – 2002,8 lei.

The value of the subsistence level in 2020, on average

average monthly per capita, lei

	Total	Big towns	Small towns	Villages
Total population	2 088,4	2 318,8	2 057,9	2 002,8
Population of working age	2 247,6	2 465,0	2 206,4	2 158,7
Men of working age	2 434,5	2 679,2	2 387,9	2 342,6
Women of working age	2 041,2	2 253,0	2 011,0	1 943,7
Pensioners	1 759,8	1 955,9	1 746,8	1 692,8
Children	1 995,0	2 206,6	2 002,4	1 924,9
of which, by age:				
under 1 year	803,5	906,6	808,6	764,6
1 – 6 years old	1 734,5	1 969,3	1 757,1	1 638,3
7 – 17 years old	2 262,8	2 533,5	2 260,8	2 186,5

Prices



Prices

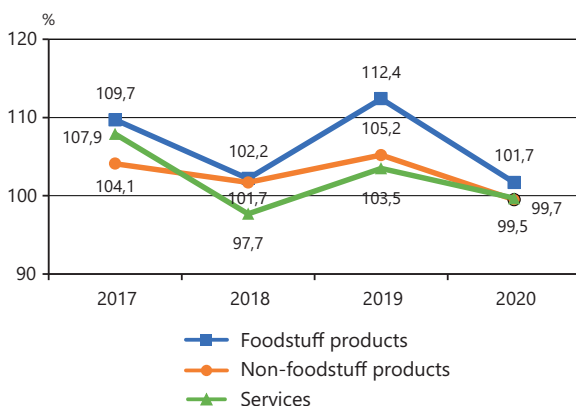
For the period 2017-2020 the annual average inflation rate had a downward trend from 6,6% (2017) to 3,8% (2020). Since the most part of the expenditures are intended to food consumption, the evolution of food prices has decisively influenced the dynamics of the CPI.

Annual average indices for foodstuff products over the period 2017-2020 had higher values than total CPI, the difference being from 1,3 percentage points (in 2017) and 3,6 percentage points (in 2020).

**Price indices by sectors of economy
(average per year, previous year = 100)**

	2017	2018	2019	2020
Consumer price index for goods and services	106,6	103,0	104,8	103,8
Foodstuff products	107,9	105,4	107,6	107,4
Non-foodstuff products	104,5	102,7	104,2	100,9
Services	107,1	99,8	101,5	102,4
Price index for industrial production	103,3	100,4	101,8	102,6
Price index of production sold by agricultural enterprises	97,9	92,5	103,8	122,5
Price index in construction	103,2	103,5	103,3	100,1
Unit value indices for exported goods	105,5	105,1	96,4	108,5
Unit value indices for imported goods	104,9	109,6	96,9	94,5

**Evolution of consumer price index
(December previous year = 100)**



Annual rate of inflation (December previous year = 100)

	2017	2018	2019	2020
Total	7,3	0,9	7,5	0,4
Foodstuff products	9,7	2,2	12,4	1,7
Non-foodstuff products	4,1	1,7	5,2	-0,5
Services	7,9	-2,3	3,5	-0,3

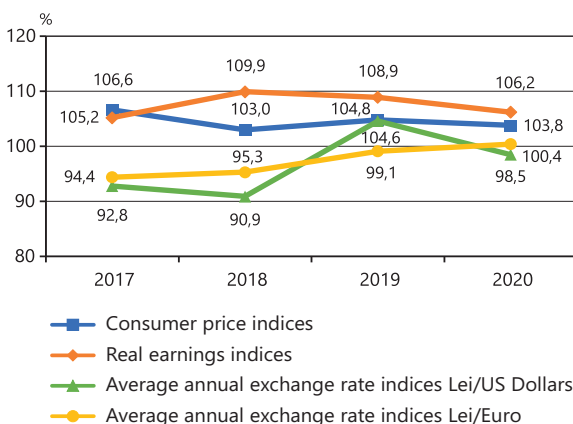
The average monthly inflation rate

percentage

	2017	2018	2019	2020
Total	0,60	0,05	0,60	0,05
Foodstuff products	0,75	0,20	1,00	0,15
Non-foodstuff products	0,35	0,15	0,45	0,0
Services	0,65	0,0	0,30	0,0

The average annual exchange rate

	2017	2018	2019	2020
Lei / Euro	20,8282	19,8442	19,6741	19,7436
Lei / US Dollar	18,4902	16,8031	17,5751	17,3201

Evolution of consumer price indices, real earnings and annual average exchange rate (previous year = 100)

Dwellings



Dwellings

In 2020, 6906 dwellings (apartments and individual residential houses) were put into operation with a total area of 545,5 thousand m², or with 20,7% less than in 2019.

The distribution according to the location of the dwellings shows that the total volume of urban dwellings were put into operation 5895 dwellings with a total area of 429,4 thousand m² or with 24,3% less than in 2019.

Dwellings put in operation

	2017	2018	2019	2020
Units				
Total	9 249	7 301	9 955	6 906
apartments	8 236	5 782	8 064	5 179
individual residential houses	1 013	1 519	1 891	1 727
of total in:				
urban area	8 832	6 595	8 926	5 895
rural area	417	706	1 029	1 011
Thousand m² of total area				
Total	700,4	551,4	763,0	545,5
apartments	557,4	363,9	535,9	337,1
individual residential houses	143,0	187,5	227,1	208,4
of total in:				
urban area	647,3	465,7	639,3	429,4
rural area	53,1	85,7	123,7	116,1

Education and science



Education and science

In the 2020/21 study year, the educational process is organized in 1356 educational institutions, including 1241 primary and secondary general education institutions, 91 technical schools and 24 higher education institutions. The network of technical vocational education institutions includes 13 centres of excellence, 36 colleges and 42 vocational schools.

The number of pupils and students in the 2020/21 academic year amounted to 438,2 thousand, or 9,5 thousand less compared to the 2017/18 academic year, mainly due to the decrease in the number of students in higher education (-6,5 thousand).

Education by types of institutions

	2017/18	2018/19	2019/20	2020/21
Education institutions				
Primary and general secondary	1 243	1 246	1 255	1 241
Vocational	86	89	91	91
Higher	29	29	27	24
Pupils and students^{1,2}, thousands				
Institutions of primary and general secondary education	335,6	334,2	333,1	334,4
Technical vocational education institutions	46,6	44,3	43,6	44,8
Higher education institutions	65,5	60,6	56,8	59,0

¹ Excluding foreign pupils/students

² At the beginning of the school year

Compared to 2017, there was a decrease in the number of graduates of higher education and technical vocational institutions (respectively, by 26,1% and 15,0%).

Graduates by type of institution

	thousand			
	2017	2018	2019	2020
Secondary general education institutions	40,4	41,8	41,2	42,1
Institutions of vocational education	14,0	14,1	12,3	11,9
Higher education institutions	19,9	18,1	16,3	14,7

Doctoral higher education programs

	2017	2018	2019	2020
Number of doctoral schools	46	46	42	39
Number of doctoral students ¹ (end-year)	1 622	1 569	1 641	1 695
Graduation of doctorates	410	380	234	246

¹ Excluding the foreign doctoral students

Postdoctoral programs

	2017	2018	2019	2020
Number of institutions organizing postdoctoral programs	14	14	12	13
Number of post-doctorates (end-year)	30	36	26	26

Health



Health

In 2020, there were 46,9 doctors and 85,9 medical staff per 10 000 inhabitants. Compared to previous years there is a reduction in the number of beds, per 10 000 inhabitants there were 65 beds.

Most often the population suffered from diseases of the respiratory system, traumatic injuries and poisonings, diseases of the nervous system and sense organs.

Main indicators of health protection, end-year

	2017	2018	2019	2020
Physicians	13 021	12 635	12 552	12 392 ¹
per 10 000 inhabitants	47,7	47,1	47,5	46,9
Paramedical personnel	25 125	23 981	23 584	22 680 ¹
per 10 000 inhabitants	92,0	89,4	89,3	85,9
Hospitals	87	86	85	85
Medical institutions as ambulatories or polyclinics, that provide medical assistance to population	1 104	1 074	1 075	1 062
Hospital beds	18 398	18 138	18 042	17 168
per 10 000 inhabitants	67,4	67,6	68,3	65,0

¹ Of them, working in the non-public sector, persons:

Physicians of all specialties – 2 690 (21,7%)

Paramedical personnel – 1 641 (7,0%)

Population morbidity by main classes of diseases

	2017	2018	2019	2020
Ill persons under observation with the diagnosis set for the first time – total, thousand cases	1 179,7	1 126,1	1 124,0	920,1
of which:				
Infectious and parasitical diseases	66,1	65,3	63,5	41,5
Neoplasms	15,5	15,7	16,0	12,5
Diseases of the nervous system and sense organs	64,4	64,2	71,5	48,3
Diseases of the circulatory system	76,5	58,6	54,2	38,4
Diseases of the respiratory apparatus	518,0	523,9	527,4	376,5
Diseases of the digestive apparatus	54,9	49,5	50,5	31,9
Diseases of the urogenital system	70,8	67,1	64,7	39,9
Complications of pregnancy, delivery and post-partum period	33,5	30,9	28,4	24,4
Skin and subcutaneous tissue diseases	56,0	52,0	50,9	33,7

Continued

	2017	2018	2019	2020
Diseases of bones and joints, muscles and conjunctive tissue	49,7	46,9	47,9	33,6
Injuries, poisonings and other consequences of the external causes	100,0	80,9	76,9	56,7
Number of cases per 1000 inhabitants	428,2	416,1	425,7	348,5
of which:				
Infectious and parasitical diseases	24,0	24,1	24,0	15,7
Neoplasms	5,6	5,8	6,1	4,7
Diseases of the nervous system and sense organs	23,4	23,7	27,1	18,3
Diseases of the circulatory system	27,8	21,7	20,5	14,5
Diseases of the respiratory apparatus	188,0	193,6	199,7	142,6
Diseases of the digestive apparatus	19,9	18,3	19,1	12,1
Diseases of the urogenital system	25,7	24,8	24,5	15,1
Complications of pregnancy, delivery and post-partum period	50,9	48,5	44,5	40,1
Skin and subcutaneous tissue diseases	20,3	19,2	19,3	12,8
Diseases of bones and joints, muscles and conjunctive tissue	18,0	17,3	18,1	12,7
Injuries, poisonings and other consequences of the external causes	36,3	29,9	29,1	21,5

Population morbidity by separate diseases

	2015	2016	2017	2018
Ill persons under observation with the diagnosis set for the first time, thousand cases:				
Malignant neoplasms	10,1	10,0	10,4	8,5
Active tuberculosis	2,2	2,0	1,9	1,1
Alcoholism and alcoholic psychosis	3,2	3,1	3,2	2,3
Drug addiction and abuse	1,1	0,9	0,7	0,5
Syphilis	1,4	1,5	1,4	1,1
Gonorrhoea	0,7	0,7	0,7	0,5
AIDS infection, cases	182	292	241	149
HIV carrier, cases	618	680	701	524
Number of cases per 100 000 inhabitants:				
Malignant neoplasms	366,6	369,5	393,9	321,9
Active tuberculosis	79,8	73,9	72,0	41,7
Alcoholism and alcoholic psychosis	116,1	114,6	121,2	87,1
Drug addiction and abuse	39,9	33,3	26,5	18,9
Syphilis	50,8	55,4	53,0	41,7
Gonorrhoea	25,4	25,9	26,5	18,9
AIDS infection	6,6	10,8	9,1	5,6
HIV carrier	22,4	25,1	26,5	19,8

Culture and sport



Culture and sport

In the Republic of Moldova 16 theatres were activating, that were visited in 2020 by 114,9 thousand persons, or by 71% less than in 2017.

In 2020, there were 1319 national and public territorial libraries in the country or with 19 units less than in 2017. On average, a library has 11,8 thousand copies of books, serial publications and other documents.

Cultural institutions activity, end-year

	2017	2018	2019	2020
Museums (including affiliated representatives)	126	127	127	130
Number of visitors, thousand	757,8	759,5	794,1	300,7
Theatres ¹	16	16	16	16
Number of visitors, thousand	395,0	367,0	345,6	114,9
National and public territorial libraries	1 338	1 334	1 326	1 319
Library collections (books, serial publications and other documents on physical media), million copies	16,2	16,0	15,8	15,6
Recreation centers and club establishments (public centers)	1 219	1 216	1 216	1 197
Philharmonic	1	1	1	1
Number of visitors, thousand	31,8	20,5	23,4	8,5

¹ Including 1 theater studio

Printed books and brochures, magazines and newspapers

	2017	2018	2019	2020
Books and brochures (units of titles)	2 655	2 500	2 200	2 403
Edition, million copies	2,5	2,0	1,8	2,3
Magazines and other periodicals (units of titles)	176	205	189	195
Annual edition, million copies	1,0	1,5	1,3	1,5
Newspapers (units of titles)	131	126	122	113
Single edition, million copies	1,6	1,1	1,1	1,7
Annual edition, million copies	32,1	39,6	24,4	18,5

The number of sports constructions in 2020 was 4342 units, including 55 stadiums with stands for 500 places and over, 2637 flat sport premises, 1183 sports halls, 25 swimming pools and 442 auxiliary premises, equipped rooms.

Sport premises and gymnastic and health improvement centers

	2017	2018	2019	2020
Sport constructions – total	4 563	4 522	4 344	4 342
of which:				
Stadiums with stands for 500 places and over	51	55	55	55
Flat sport premises (grounds and fields)	2 887	2 823	2 674	2 637
Sports halls	1 241	1 240	1 192	1 283
Swimming-pools	23	23	25	25
Auxiliary premises, equipped rooms for gymnastics and sports	361	381	398	442

Source: Ministry of Education, Culture and Research

Tourism



Tourism

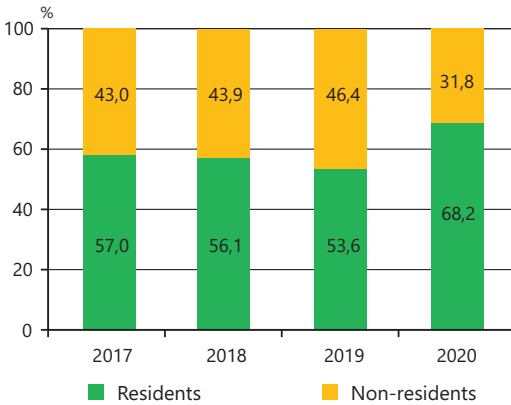
Collective tourist accommodation structures in 2020 recorded 376,0 thousand overnight stays, with 76,4% less in 2019. The reduction in the number of overnight stays of tourists was conditioned by their decrease in student holiday camps (-99,2%), leisure facilities (-88,8%), hotels and motels (-76,2%), accommodation structures (-65,7%), tourist and agro-tourism pensions (-46,0%) and guest houses (-11,7%). From total overnight stays, 81,3% are overnight stays of the Moldovan tourists and 18,7% of the non-resident tourists.

Main indicators of collective structures of tourist accommodation

	2017	2018	2019	2020
Number of accommodation structures¹ – total	268	269	267	272
Hotels and motels	106	107	110	112
Hostels for visitors	3	3	3	3
Tourist and agrotourist pensions	28	33	36	38
Health-care structures	8	8	7	7
Recreation structures (tourist villas, recreation camps and other recreation structures)	62	59	58	59
Pupils summer camps	61	59	53	53
Number of rooms¹ – total	8 211	8 190	8 013	8 119
Hotels and motels	2 766	2 835	2 822	2 832
Hostels for visitors	170	170	170	170
Tourist and agrotourist pensions	409	454	468	492
Health-care structures	1 092	1 087	1 039	1 089
Recreation structures (tourist villas, recreation camps and other recreation structures)	1 491	1 402	1 382	1 404
Pupils summer camps	2 283	2 242	2 132	2 132
Number of places (beds)¹ – total	25 991	25 636	24 530	24 666
Hotels and motels	5 148	5 373	5 345	5 351
Hostels for visitors	545	545	545	545
Tourist and agrotourist pensions	867	964	999	1 061
Health-care structures	2 136	2 130	1 938	1 970
Recreation structures (tourist villas, recreation camps and other recreation structures)	3 902	3 576	3 605	3 641
Pupils summer camps	13 393	13 048	12 098	12 098
Number of tourists placed – total, thousand	337,2	364,6	374,8	90,3
of whom, foreign tourists	145,2	160,2	174,0	28,7
Number of overnight stays of tourists – total, thousand	1 515,0	1 668,0	1 591,3	376,0
of whom, foreign tourists	297,2	340,3	386,4	70,4
Index of net use of functioning tourist accommodation capacity	34,9	34,7	33,3	13,0

¹ End-year

Tourists accommodated in the collective accommodation structures (in % compared to the total)



Number of accommodated foreign tourists in the collective accommodation structures, by main origin countries

	2017	2018	2019	2020
Total	145 165	160 233	174 021	28 732
of which:				
Austria	1 805	2 053	2 068	182
Belarus	1 394	2 114	1 862	303
Bulgaria	2 207	2 076	2 013	394
Czech Republic	1 279	1 279	1 203	189
France	2 952	3 025	3 874	624
Germany	6 701	7 020	7 827	1 157
Greece	972	1 145	910	188
Hungary	908	739	873	264
Israel	2 796	3 749	4 197	342
Italy	5 987	6 414	7 188	1 272
Lithuania	1 019	974	931	164
Netherlands	1 755	2 130	1 819	285
Poland	4 215	5 303	6 459	447
Romania	35 950	44 903	47 031	9 010
Russian Federation	12 999	12 939	14 786	2 777
Spain	1 440	1 411	1 641	278
Sweden	1 296	1 318	1 743	133
Switzerland	1 077	1 283	853	91
Turkey	5 815	5 511	6 847	1 566
Ukraine	17 887	18 693	21 582	3 893
United Kingdom	4 554	4 255	4 927	733
United States of America	10 121	9 637	9 808	1 078
Other countries	20 036	22 262	23 579	3 362

Justice



In the 2020 year, 26,3 thousand crimes were registered, showing a decrease of 16,8% compared to the previous year, and compared to the year 2017 the level of criminality decreased by 26,0%. The crime rate was 100 offenses per 10 000 inhabitants compared to 130 offenses in 2017. Of the total number of crimes, thefts are the most often committed (30,6%).

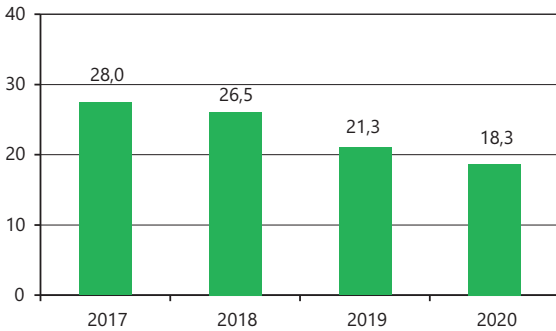
About 18,4% of crimes are exceptionally grave, most serious and grave.

The number of persons who have committed crimes decreased by 17,3%, and the number of convicted persons by 10,1%, compared to 2017. In total number of convicted persons, the minors constitute 3,4%.

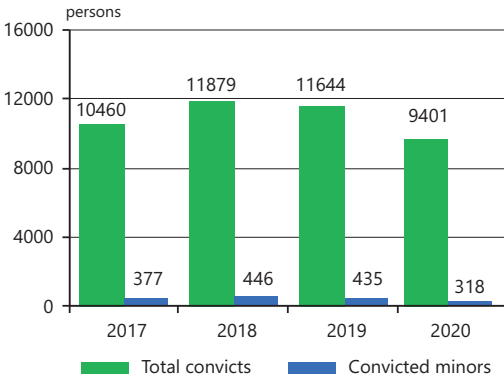
Number of registered crimes

	2017	2018	2019	2020
Registered crimes – total	35 581	32 035	31 657	26 342
of which:				
Thefts	12 154	10 411	10 378	8 066
Robberies and brigandage	944	847	743	611
Murder	154	170	175	169
Premeditated severe bodily injuries	196	208	199	163
Rape	301	266	331	254
Crimes connected with narcotics	1 269	1 351	1 052	895
Hooliganism	1 447	1 335	1 342	1 064
Persons who committed offenses – total	15 745	13 927	13 059	13 017
of which by age, years:				
14 – 17	1 295	1 176	1 145	1 071
18 – 29	6 659	5 679	5 180	4 775
30 and older	7 702	6 994	6 664	7 105
Of total number – persons who committed offenses:				
Women	1 262	1 160	1 117	1 002
Minors	1 384	1 254	1 215	1 137
Unemployed persons	8 065	6 926	5 500	5 268
Number of registered crimes per 10 000 inhabitants	130,3	119,3	119,9	100,0

Number of grave crimes per 10 000 inhabitants



Number of convicted persons



Traffic accidents

	2017	2018	2019	2020
Traffic accidents	2 641	2 613	2 572	2 005
Number of injured persons in road and transport incidents – total	3 295	3 397	3 308	2 510
of which, children	349	386	469	330
Injured – total	2 993	3 123	3 031	2 265
of which, children	335	366	452	315
Deceased – total	302	274	277	245
of which, children	14	20	17	15

National accounts



National accounts

According to operative data, in 2020, the gross domestic product (GDP) amounted to 206,3 billion lei, in current market prices. Compared to 2019 (semi-final data) GDP, in real terms, decreased by 7,0% at the level of economy.

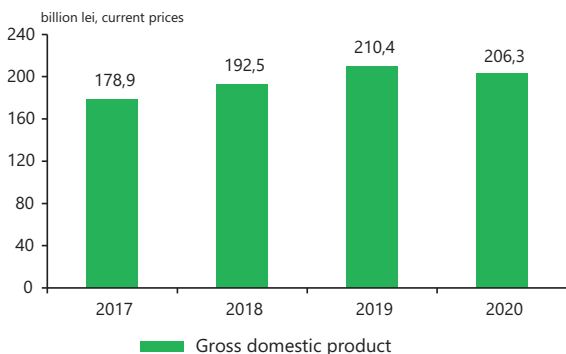
Gross added value recorded 179,6 billion lei, and decreased by 6,9% compare to the previous year, representing 87,0% of GDP.

In terms of GDP use, the decrease was mainly due to the final consumption of households (-5,8%), with a contribution to the GDP formation of 81,2% and a volume reduction of 7,0%.

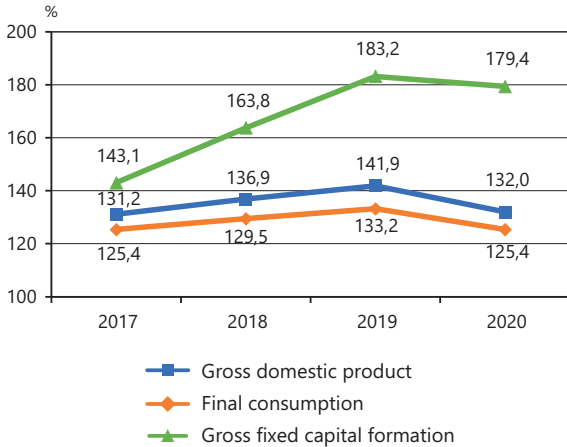
Gross domestic product

	2017	2018	2019	2020
Gross domestic product (in current prices), million lei	178 881	192 509	210 378	206 352
Physical volume index of GDP, in % to the previous year	104,7	104,3	103,7	93,0

Gross domestic product



Indices of gross domestic product 2010 = 100



Resources and uses of gross domestic product

million lei; current prices

	2017	2018	2019	2020
Agriculture, forestry and fishing	20 522	19 772	21 398	19 627
Industry	26 762	28 376	29 387	28 885
Construction	12 367	15 230	18 019	19 150
Other activities	95 164	103 094	114 270	111 916
Gross added value	154 815	166 472	183 074	179 578
Net taxes on products	24 066	26 037	27 304	26 774
Gross domestic product	178 881	192 509	210 378	206 352
Final consumption	180 065	192 459	209 165	202 773
of which:				
of households	150 756	160 490	174 097	167 592
of public administration	26 892	29 244	31 966	32 036
of non-profit institutions serving households	2 417	2 725	3 102	3 145
Gross capital formation	40 745	49 311	53 330	49 934
of which:				
gross fixed capital formation	39 869	46 818	53 013	53 019
changes in stocks	876	2 493	317	-3 085
Net export	-41 929	-49 261	-52 117	-46 355

National accounts

Share of main economic activities in the generation of gross domestic product

percentage

	2017	2018	2019	2020
Gross domestic product	100,0	100,0	100,0	100,0
Gross value added	86,5	86,5	87,0	87,0
of which:				
Agriculture, forestry and fishing	11,5	10,3	10,1	9,5
Mining and quarrying	0,2	0,2	0,3	0,3
Manufacturing industry	11,6	11,2	10,5	10,6
Electricity, gas, steam and air conditioning supply	2,4	2,5	2,3	2,2
Water supply; sewerage, waste management and remediation activities	0,8	0,8	0,8	0,8
Construction	6,9	7,9	8,6	9,3
Wholesale and retail trade; repair of motor vehicles and motorcycles	15,1	15,3	15,5	15,6
Transportation and storage	4,7	4,9	4,9	4,4
Accommodation and food service activities	1,0	1,1	1,1	0,8
Information and communication	4,6	4,7	4,8	5,0
Financial and insurance activities	3,2	3,1	3,6	3,9
Real estate activities	7,8	7,7	7,3	7,3
Professional, scientific and technical activities	2,1	2,1	1,9	1,8
Administrative and support service activities	1,2	1,2	1,3	1,2
Public administration and defence; compulsory social security	3,6	3,5	3,5	3,7
Education	4,3	4,4	4,5	4,3
Health and social work	3,5	3,5	3,7	4,1
Arts, entertainment and recreation	0,6	0,6	0,7	0,6
Other service activities	1,3	1,4	1,4	1,5
Activities of households as employers; undifferentiated goods- and services-producing activities of households for own use	0,1	0,1	0,2	0,1
Net taxes on products	13,5	13,5	13,0	13,0

Contribution of expenditure items to gross domestic product formation

	percentage			
	2017	2018	2019	2020
Gross domestic product	100,0	100,0	100,0	100,0
of which:				
Final consumption	100,7	100,0	99,5	98,3
of which:				
of households	84,3	83,4	82,8	81,3
of public administration	15,0	15,2	15,2	15,5
of non-profit institutions serving households	1,4	1,4	1,5	1,5
Gross capital formation	22,8	25,6	25,3	24,2
of which:				
gross fixed capital formation	22,3	24,3	25,1	25,7
changes in stocks	0,5	1,3	0,2	-1,5
Net export	-23,5	-25,6	-24,8	-22,5

Contribution of ownership forms to the gross domestic product formation

	percentage			
	2016	2017	2018	2019
Gross domestic product	100,0	100,0	100,0	100,0
of which:				
Public	19,0	17,4	14,4	14,4
Private	54,5	59,4	62,3	60,8
Mixed (public and private), without foreign participation	1,8	1,0	1,4	1,5
Joint ventures and foreign	24,7	22,2	21,9	23,3

Industry

The background features a series of overlapping, semi-transparent geometric shapes in various shades of green, ranging from light lime to dark forest green. These shapes create a layered, mountain-like effect, with some areas appearing darker due to the overlap. The overall composition is clean and modern, with a focus on organic, angular forms.

Industry

In 2020, the turnover index in industry decreased by 2,7% compared to the previous year, decrease sustained by the manufacturing industry (-2,8%). At the same time, the turnover index increased in the mining and quarrying by 3,8%.

In 2020 compared to 2019, the industrial production index decreased by 5,5% as a result of the decreases in industrial production in the manufacturing industry by 7,1%. At the same time, the industrial production index increased in the mining and quarrying by 9,5% and in the production and supply of electricity and heat, gas, hot water and air conditioning - by 2,3%.

Turnover index in industry (previous year = 100)

	2017	2018	2019	2020
Industry – total	106,9	107,1	108,2	97,3
internal market	104,9	106,4	104,5	99,0
external market	108,6	107,8	111,8	95,6
Mining and quarrying	128,0	105,4	109,2	103,8
internal market	116,1	106,1	108,3	107,8
external market	de 15 ori	97,6	119,6	57,9
Manufacturing industry	106,7	107,2	108,2	97,2
internal market	104,6	106,4	104,4	98,7
external market	108,4	107,8	111,8	95,7

Volume indices of industrial production, by type of activity (previous year = 100)

	2017	2018	2019	2020
Industry – total	103,4	103,7	102,0	94,5
Mining and quarrying	96,3	109,9	98,1	109,5
Manufacturing industry	104,5	102,8	103,1	92,9
Manufacture of food products	106,4	97,1	105,7	94,2
Manufacture of beverages	107,8	104,5	104,9	88,3
Manufacture of textiles	93,5	105,3	88,3	97,3
Manufacture of wearing apparel	102,3	102,1	93,5	92,6
Tanning and dressing of leather; manufacture of luggage, handbags, saddlery and harness; dressing and dyeing of fur	98,4	116,5	86,1	100,1
Manufacture of wood and of products of wood and cork, except furniture; manufacture of articles of straw and plaiting materials	111,4	112,9	87,3	75,9

Continued

	2017	2018	2019	2020
Manufacture of paper and paper products	94,7	112,6	99,2	99,7
Printing and reproduction of recorded media	98,2	88,9	98,2	87,3
Manufacture of chemicals and chemical products	94,0	105,7	102,9	126,2
Manufacture of basic pharmaceutical products and pharmaceutical preparations	105,4	76,0	108,6	94,8
Manufacture of rubber and plastic products	116,4	95,6	117,8	94,5
Manufacture of other non-metallic mineral products	103,5	114,9	94,0	109,3
Metallurgical industry	106,3	103,2	112,5	94,4
Manufacture of fabricated metal products, except machinery and equipment	103,6	106,2	118,8	106,8
Manufacture of computer, electronic and optical products	89,9	89,3	111,6	75,5
Manufacture of electrical equipment	139,4	115,5	92,5	65,8
Manufacture of machinery and equipment n.e.c.	95,9	65,8	83,5	69,1
Manufacture of motor vehicles, trailers and semi-trailers	112,0	154,2	124,4	65,1
Manufacture of furniture	99,8	109,2	112,0	103,4
Other manufacturing n.e.c.	115,1	117,8	105,8	104,9
Repair and installation of machinery and equipment	89,3	110,4	106,8	89,5
Electricity, gas, steam and air conditioning supply	98,3	107,4	96,0	102,3

Energy resources



Energy resources

Gross domestic consumption, according to preliminary data, in 2020 compared to the previous year, registered increases in the energy resources of electricity (+ 3,6%) and natural gas (+ 2,0%). At the same time, there were decreases in gross domestic consumption of coal (-21,0%) and petroleum products (-3,2%).

Gross domestic consumption by main energy resources

	2017	2018	2019	2020
Coal, tonnes	175 499	136 384	163 432	129 174
Oil products, tonnes	913 217	991 634	1 003 799	971 900
Natural gas, thousands m ³	1 035 533	1 127 936	1 059 342	1 080 670
Electricity, MWh	4 308 452	4 454 165	4 442 092	4 602 466

Inputs and gross domestic consumption of electricity

MWh

	2017	2018	2019	2020
Primary production	896 064	954 498	941 348	1 184 154
Import	1 133 942	955 834	644 082	167 120
Purchased from other sources	2 278 533	2 543 926	2 856 761	3 251 285
Export	87	93	99	93
Gross domestic consumption	4 308 452	4 454 165	4 442 092	4 602 466

In 2020, the largest share of **gross domestic product consumption of oil products** is held by diesel (63,3%), followed by gasoline (17,4%) and liquefied gas (petroleum) (6,5%).

Import and gross domestic consumption of petroleum products

tonnes

	2017	2018	2019	2020
Import	938 447	1 013 643	1 014 653	970 027
Gross domestic consumption – total	913 217	991 634	1 003 799	971 900
diesel	577 189	586 551	614 654	615 036
gasoline for automobiles	163 875	169 559	175 502	169 685
liquefied gas (oil)	72 673	70 950	66 237	63 051
other oil products	99 480	164 574	147 406	124 128

Agriculture



Agriculture

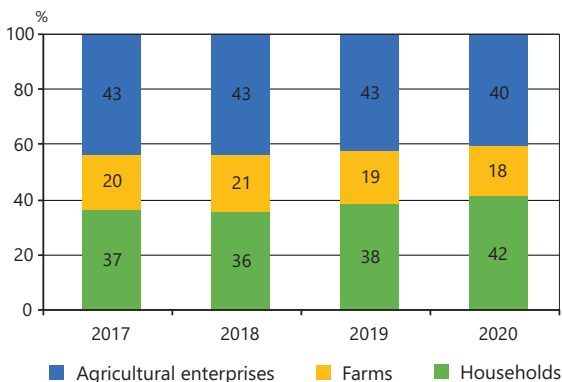
The agricultural production volume index in households of all categories (agricultural enterprises, farms and households) in 2020, according to preliminary estimates, was 72,9% compared to 2019. The decrease in global agricultural production was determined by the decrease of plant production by 35,9% and animal production by 3,8%.

Agricultural production (in all categories of households)

	2017	2018	2019	2020 ¹
Million lei, current prices				
Agricultural production	34 142	32 637	34 597	30 093
Plant production	24 435	22 883	24 670	20 344
Animal production	9 191	9 190	9 248	9 212
Services	516	564	679	537
Previous year = 100				
Agricultural production	109,1	102,9	98,4	72,9
Plant production	113,7	104,4	100,2	64,1
Animal production	98,1	98,9	94,0	96,2

¹ According to preliminary estimates

Structure of agricultural production by categories of households (in comparable prices)



Sown (yield) area of agricultural crops (in all categories of households)

thousand hectares

	2017	2018	2019	2020
Sown area – total	1 532,9	1 544,3	1 519,2	1 537,6
Cereals and leguminous crops	936,6	974,1	950,4	957,1
wheat – total	335,6	373,1	352,7	311,4
barley – total	80,7	65,0	53,1	54,3
grain maize	481,4	491,4	495,3	546,4
Industrial crops	478,3	462,8	458,3	462,1
sugar beet (industrial)	23,6	19,8	15,3	13,5
sunflower	384,9	364,2	358,6	387,3
soy	34,0	28,0	37,7	29,0
tobacco	0,5	0,4	0,3	0,4
Potatoes, vegetables, melons and gourds	57,1	53,4	63,4	69,4
potatoes	19,7	19,0	18,5	22,9
field vegetables	28,8	28,6	37,0	39,7
Forage crops	60,9	54,0	47,1	48,9
Fruit and berry plantations	113,4	113,1	116,1	115,8
Plantations of vineyards	120,7	126,9	118,6	114,1

Gross harvest of main agricultural crops (in all categories of households)

thousand tonnes

	2017	2018	2019	2020
Cereals and leguminous crops ¹ – total	3 354,8	3 466,7	3 549,6	1 505,3
wheat ¹ – total	1 250,7	1 162,8	1 147,5	569,7
barley ¹ – total	248,9	175,3	168,1	106,8
grain maize	1 772,5	2 073,8	2 129,9	785,2
leguminous crops ¹	69,0	45,6	50,9	27,0
Sunflower ¹	803,8	788,7	811,4	492,5
Soy	46,5	57,7	64,2	33,3
Sugar beet (industrial) ¹	876,3	707,2	607,0	423,2
Tobacco	1,0	0,7	0,5	0,4
Potatoes	197,0	174,8	176,9	171,9
Vegetables – total	309,7	283,3	307,2	226,8
Melons and gourds	56,1	46,1	44,5	28,9
Fruits and berries	666,4	894,2	845,6	665,1
Grapes	675,1	730,2	658,7	462,0

¹ In weight after finishing

Yield per hectare of main agricultural crops (in all categories of households)

quintals

	2017	2018	2019	2020
Cereals and leguminous crops ¹ – total	35,9	35,8	37,5	18,7
wheat ¹ – total	37,3	31,3	32,6	19,0
barley ¹ – total	30,9	27,3	31,8	20,9
grain maize	37,0	42,4	43,3	18,7
leguminous crops ¹	20,0	11,6	13,1	10,4
Sunflower ¹	20,9	21,7	22,7	13,2
Soy	14,0	21,2	17,3	12,6
Sugar beet (industrial) ¹	369,5	372,9	400,3	325,8
Tobacco	18,2	18,9	15,4	10,9
Potatoes	100,0	92,2	97,7	76,2
Field vegetables	103,2	94,8	80,3	56,3
Melons and gourds	74,9	86,8	62,6	53,5
Fruits and berries	57,2	77,7	71,6	56,5
Grapes	54,2	56,7	54,8	39,2

¹ In weight after finishing

Gross harvest of main agricultural crops in farms

thousand tonnes

	2017	2018	2019	2020
Cereals and leguminous crops ¹ – total	953,3	985,7	957,7	398,7
of which, maize	539,6	610,0	651,2	204,8
Sugar beet (industrial) ¹	58,2	54,5	53,2	32,9
Sunflower ¹	207,2	230,6	218,9	137,2
Potatoes	29,9	26,1	16,8	16,5
Vegetables	31,4	29,8	34,5	35,2
Fruits and berries	319,5	446,5	434,2	374,5
Grapes	216,4	235,2	212,3	182,6

¹ In weight after finishing

On January 1, 2021, as compared to the previous year, there was a decrease in the number of livestock for all types of species.

Livestock
(in all categories of households) as of January 1

	thousand capita			
	2018	2019	2020	2021
Cattle	167	145	124	109
of which, cows	113	97	81	71
Pigs	406	397	397	340
Sheep and goats	842	770	677	617
of which, sheep	679	613	531	474
Horses	34	30	26	23

Production of main animal products
(in all categories of households)

	2017	2018	2019	2020
Cattle and poultry for slaughter (in live weight), thousand tonnes	157,8	163,3	158,6	159,2
Milk, thousand tonnes	485,2	411,7	367,3	321,7
Eggs, million pieces	707,2	688,7	686,6	627,5
Wool (in natural weight), tonnes	1 850,2	1 917,5	1 755,1	1 464,1

Investments in fixed assets and construction



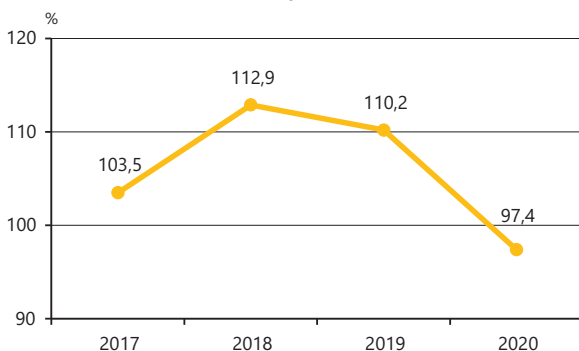
Investments in fixed assets and construction

In 2020, the value of investments in fixed assets amounted to 27,1 billion lei (in current prices), decreasing by 2,6% (in comparable prices) compared to 2019.

In 2020, investments in intangible assets decreased by 39,9% compared to the previous year. Investments in tangible assets amounted to 26,6 billion lei, decreasing by 1,4% compared to 2019.

Meanwhile, by types of tangible assets, as compared to 2019, the following increases in investment volume were recorded: for engineering constructions by 14,7% and means of transport by 22,7%.

**Indices of investments in fixed assets
(previous year = 100)**



Investments in fixed assets

million lei; current prices

	2017	2018	2019	2020
Investments in fixed assets – total	23 498,3	27 464,7	31 253,2	27 113,1
Intangible assets	531,8	640,3	962,2	519,5
Tangible assets	22 966,5	26 824,4	30 291,0	26 593,6
of which:				
residential buildings (dwellings)	3 497,3	3 615,2	4 519,7	3 741,5
non-residential buildings	4 873,2	5 430,7	5 975,0	4 510,1
engineering constructions	3 608,0	4 977,4	5 954,5	6 810,5
machines and equipment	7 521,6	8 284,0	8 949,1	7 163,8
transport means	2 183,7	2 799,2	3 040,9	2 886,9
other tangible assets	1 282,7	1 717,9	1 851,8	1 480,8

Investments in fixed assets and construction

In 2020, the considerable volume of investments in immobilized assets was made by economic entities with the private form of property, which valued 12,9 billion lei or 47,6% of the total volume of investments.

The entities with the public form of property capitalized 10,0 billion lei or 36,9% of the total and the enterprises with foreign form of property – 7,3% of total investments in the country.

Investments in fixed assets, by forms of ownership

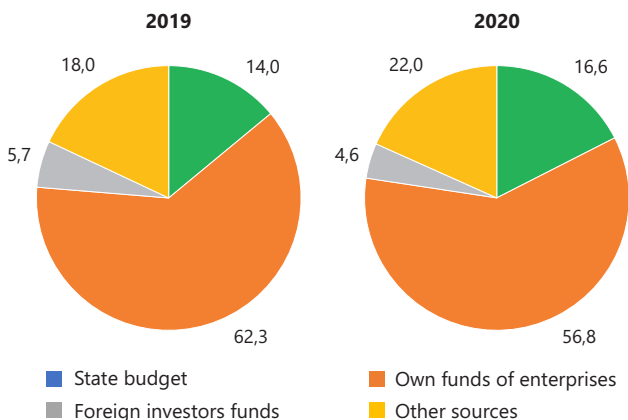
	million lei; current prices			
	2017	2018	2019	2020
Investments in fixed assets – total	23 498,3	27 464,7	31 253,2	27 113,1
of which:				
Public	7 057,5	8 834,4	8 825,7	10 009,0
Private	11 655,9	12 930,1	15 467,4	12 893,0
Mixed (public and private), without foreign participation	98,3	85,3	72,7	62,5
Foreign	2 415,1	2 807,2	3 013,6	1 991,5
Joint ventures	2 271,5	2 807,7	3 873,8	2 157,1

Investments in fixed assets, by financing sources

	million lei; current prices			
	2017	2018	2019	2020
Investments in fixed assets – total	23 498,3	27 464,7	31 253,2	27 113,1
of which, financed from:				
state budget	1 458,0	2 883,5	2 808,5	2 781,7
administrative-territorial units budgets	1 283,7	1 510,4	1 578,9	1 709,0
own funds of enterprises	15 356,3	16 792,7	19 461,0	15 406,5
foreign investors funds	1 489,0	1 439,0	1 790,9	1 238,9
other sources	3 911,3	4 839,1	5 613,9	5 977,0

Investments in fixed assets and construction

Structure of investments in fixed assets, by sources of financing, %



In 2020, the volume of construction works amounted to 14,0 billion lei or 103,7% (in comparable prices) compared to 2019.

By structure elements of the executed works, the volume of capital repair works and as well of current maintenance and repair works amounted to 7,2 billion lei, increasing by 11,7% compared to 2019.

Regarding the construction objects, the works on engineering constructions predominate, carried out in the amount of 6,6 billion lei, increasing by 17,4% compared to 2019.

The value of construction works by structural elements of the works

	million lei; current prices			
	2017	2018	2019	2020
Total	9 100,1	11 356,4	13 408,5	14 008,3
of which:				
New constructions	4 599,5	5 102,7	6 792,5	6 604,3
Capital repairs	2 215,9	3 209,6	3 416,8	3 638,2
Maintenance and current repairs	2 106,8	2 854,9	2 974,2	3 547,8
Other works	177,9	189,2	225,0	218,0

Investments in fixed assets and construction

The value of construction works by construction objects

million lei; current prices

	2017	2018	2019	2020
Total	9 100,1	11 356,4	13 408,5	14 008,3
of which:				
Residential buildings	2 481,5	2 773,2	3 561,5	3 356,6
Non-residential buildings	2 424,9	3 218,3	4 021,5	3 812,4
Engineering constructions	4 015,8	5 175,7	5 600,5	6 621,3
Other works	177,9	189,2	225,0	218,0

Transport and communications



Transport and communications

In the 2020 year, **the railway, road, river and air transport companies** transported goods in a volume of 16,5 million tonnes or with 12,5% less the same period of the 2019 year. The decrease in the volumes of transported goods was registered at the railway (-33,3%), air transport (-15,3%) and road transport companies (-7,2%). Increases in the volume of goods transported were reported by river transport companies (+ 75,6%).

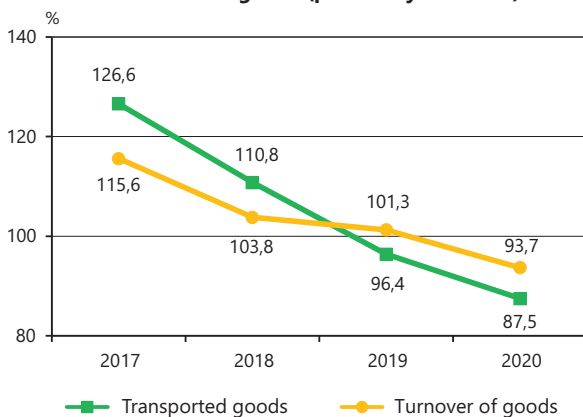
The turnover of goods totaled 4,6 billion tonnes-km, with 6,3% less compared to the registered data for 2019. The decrease of the freight route was marked by the railway (-36,2%) and air transport companies (-27,0%). At the same time, the shipping and road transport enterprises registered increases compared to 2019 by 75,6% and 0,7%, respectively.

Goods transport of transport enterprises

	2017	2018	2019	2020
Thousand tonnes				
Transported goods – total	17 682,7	19 584,9	18 878,0	16 512,2
of which, by:				
railway	4 793,9	4 928,4	4 271,0	2 849,0
road ¹	12 752,9	14 528,2	14 475,8	13 434,3
river	134,8	127,0	129,6	227,6
air	1,06	1,33	1,57	1,33
Million tonnes-kilometers				
Turnover of goods – total	4 705,3	4 886,0	4 948,4	4 635,1
of which, by:				
railway	987,1	1 012,0	940,3	599,6
road ¹	3 717,1	3 872,8	4 006,5	4 034,1
river	0,27	0,25	0,26	0,46
air	0,9	1,0	1,3	1,0

¹ Including enterprises with other types of activity, that perform freight road transportation against fee and possess 10 and more freight transport means, own or rented

The evolution of the transported goods and turnover of goods (previous year = 100)



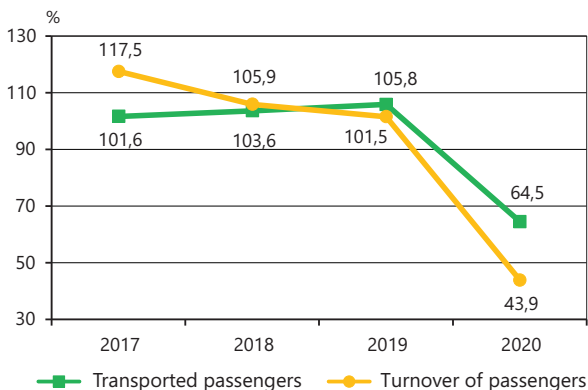
In 2020 compared to 2019, the number of passengers transported by public transport decreased (-35,5%) as well their turnover (-56,1%).

Passenger transport, by modes of public transport

	2017	2018	2019	2020
Million passengers				
Transported passengers – total	252,3	261,3	276,5	178,4
of which, by:				
railway	1,8	1,7	1,2	0,7
buses	100,4	98,7	100,1	54,2
taxi	6,9	9,6	9,4	6,6
trolleybuses	141,4	149,5	164,2	116,2
river	0,1	0,1	0,1	0,2
air	1,6	1,6	1,6	0,4
Million passenger-kilometers				
Turnover of passengers – total	6 231,5	6 597,1	6 693,2	2 941,3
of which, by:				
railway	99,0	94,6	74,1	29,2
buses	3 132,4	3 374,7	3 512,3	1 754,8
taxi	148,9	219,9	220,6	153,8
trolleybuses	427,0	452,5	498,0	352,8
river	0,26	0,28	0,28	0,42
air	2 423,9	2 455,3	2 388,0	650,3

Transport and communications

Evolution of the number of transported passengers and turnover of passengers (previous year = 100)

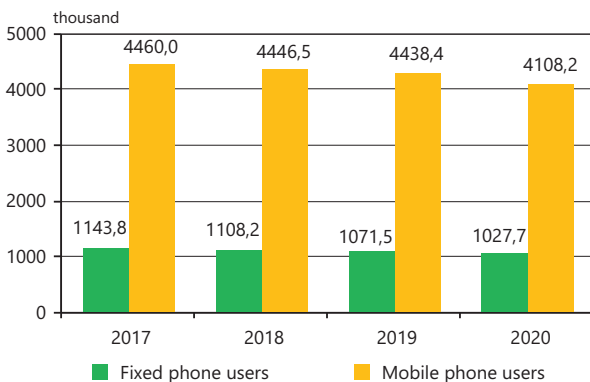


Postal communication

thousand

	2017	2018	2019	2020
Number of deliveries:				
written correspondence	48 559,5	42 322,9	44 291,0	42 610,9
parcels	369,5	401,8	442,4	641,6

The number of fixed and mobile telephony users (eng-year)



Fixed telephony

million minutes

	2017	2018	2019	2020
National fixed telephone traffic networks (local + interurban)	1 587,9	1 343,7	1 154,1	1 147,0
International outgoing telephone traffic from fixed networks	15,1	10,4	6,8	4,7

Mobile telephony

million minutes

	2017	2018	2019	2020
National telephone traffic of mobile networks	6 212,6	6 176,2	6 217,6	6 626,5
International outgoing telephone traffic from mobile networks	82,9	62,4	48,1	35,5

External trade of goods



External trade of goods

The exports of goods in the 2020 year totaled 2,5 billion US dollars, volume lower with 11,2% than that achieved in the year 2019.

The exports of goods in the European Union (EU-27¹) countries totalled 1,6 billion US dollars (with 7,9%² less than the year 2019), with a share of 66,5% in total exports.

CIS countries were present in the exports of the Republic of Moldova with a share of 15,3%, which corresponds to a value of 376,9 million US dollars. Exports of goods to these countries have decreased with 13,3% compared with the 2019 year.

Imports of goods in 2020 totalized 5,4 billion US dollars, decreasing with 7,3% compared to 2019.

The imports of goods from the countries of the European Union (EU-27¹) amounted to 2,5 billion US dollars (with 12,7%² less than in 2019), with a share of 45,6% in the total of imports.

The imports of goods from CIS countries registered 1,3 billion US dollars (7,0% less than in 2019), with a share of 24,3% in total imports.

External trade of goods

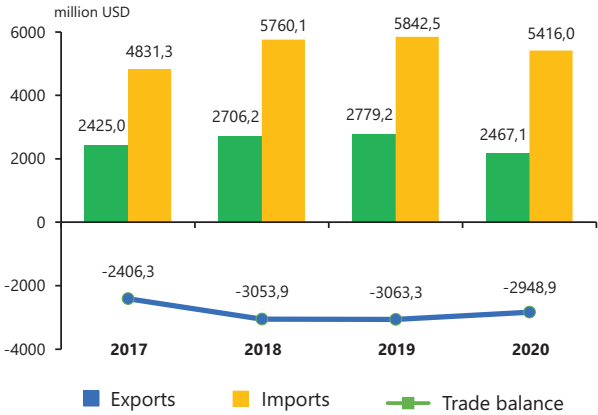
million USD

	2017	2018	2019	2020
Exports – total	2 425,0	2 706,2	2 779,2	2 467,1
of which:				
CIS countries	462,8	415,9	435,0	376,9
European Union countries (EU-27)	1 596,9	1 861,9	1 830,5	1 640,4
other countries	365,3	428,4	513,7	449,8
Imports – total	4 831,3	5 760,1	5 842,5	5 416,0
of which:				
CIS countries	1 206,0	1 449,1	1 417,2	1 317,7
European Union countries (EU-27)	2 389,2	2 850,8	2 890,0	2 470,8
other countries	1 236,1	1 460,2	1 535,3	1 627,5
Trade balance – total	-2 406,3	-3 053,9	-3 063,3	-2 948,9
of which:				
CIS countries	-743,2	-1 033,2	-982,2	-940,8
European Union countries (EU-27)	-792,3	-988,9	-1 059,5	-830,4
other countries	-870,8	-1 031,8	-1 021,6	-1 177,7
Level of coverage of imports by exports – total, %	50,2	47,0	47,6	45,6
of which:				
CIS countries	38,4	28,7	30,7	28,6
European Union countries (EU-27)	66,8	65,3	63,3	66,4
other countries	29,6	29,3	33,5	27,6

¹ As of 2020, the European Union has 27 member states, following the withdrawal of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland from its membership

² The value indices for 2020 were calculated in relation to a comparable base in 2019

Trends of external trade of goods



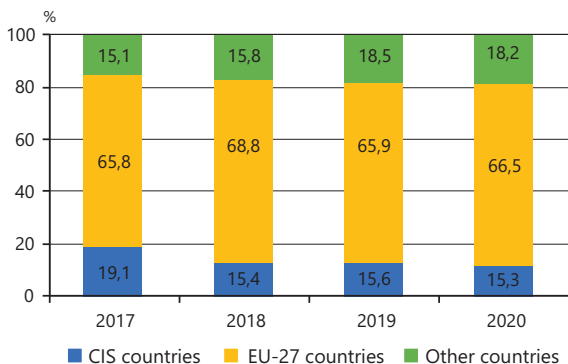
Value indices of external trade of goods (previous year = 100)

	2017	2018	2019	2020
Exports – total	118,6	111,6	102,7	88,8
of which:				
CIS countries	111,7	89,9	104,6	86,7
European Union countries ¹	119,9	116,6	98,3	92,1
other countries	122,4	117,3	119,9	79,8
Imports – total	120,2	119,2	101,4	92,7
of which:				
CIS countries	117,4	120,2	97,8	93,0
European Union countries ¹	121,0	119,3	101,4	87,3
other countries	121,3	118,1	105,1	102,1

¹ The value indices for 2020 were calculated in relation to a comparable base in 2019

External trade of goods

Structure of exports by groups of countries



Exports structured by main countries of destination of goods

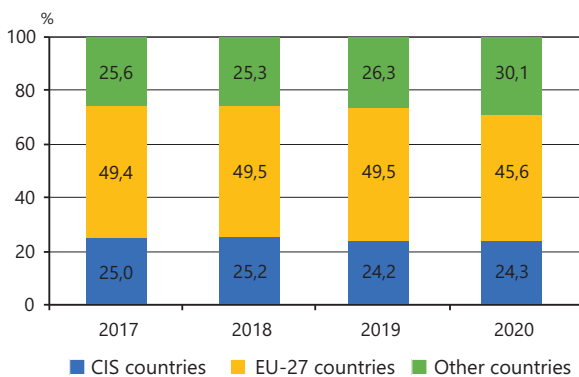
million USD

	2017	2018	2019	2020
Total	2 425,0	2 706,2	2 779,2	2 467,1
of which:				
Romania	600,6	792,1	765,4	706,7
Germany	166,1	219,9	246,0	225,6
Russian Federation	254,5	218,6	249,9	216,8
Italy	236,0	309,6	267,0	213,7
Turkey	104,1	107,1	175,5	171,7
Poland	102,9	98,1	113,0	109,8
Czech Republic	29,9	42,7	64,8	80,5
Ukraine	65,5	80,3	80,2	69,5
Belarus	110,0	87,2	80,5	65,9
Switzerland	44,1	60,1	85,4	61,4
Bulgaria	78,1	48,4	63,0	58,2
Netherlands	27,9	37,5	37,9	36,0
United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland	136,1	78,8	49,9	42,8
Spain	27,9	25,6	38,1	34,7
France	50,8	48,4	36,0	29,6
Hungary	9,9	8,2	11,1	27,3
Greece	29,5	37,4	39,3	27,0
United States of America	18,8	21,8	24,3	25,7
Georgia	18,0	20,8	21,0	22,8
Austria	40,9	39,4	31,0	22,7
Kazakhstan	17,0	16,1	9,9	13,8

Continued

	2017	2018	2019	2020
Belgium	12,9	14,8	13,4	12,5
China	19,0	18,8	17,4	12,5
Lebanon	8,0	14,0	14,4	11,6
Cyprus	7,8	10,6	9,7	10,1
Slovakia	10,0	17,5	12,5	10,0
Serbia	10,9	20,8	8,6	9,5
Portugal	5,7	9,4	8,3	9,3
Lithuania	9,1	9,0	8,5	7,7
Latvia	6,4	6,6	7,5	7,4
Iraq	13,2	11,1	8,6	6,6
Estonia	3,6	3,1	3,7	5,8
Canada	4,8	4,5	6,7	5,5
Indonesia	4,9	8,8	12,5	5,2
Israel	3,8	4,8	6,6	5,1
Uzbekistan	5,6	3,9	3,6	4,9
Syria	5,0	4,3	15,9	3,8
Azerbaijan	6,6	5,3	5,0	3,1

Structure of import of goods, by groups of countries



Imports by main country of origin of goods

million USD

	2017	2018	2019	2020
Total	4 831,3	5 760,1	5 842,5	5 416,0
of which:				
China	505,4	600,3	602,3	645,8
Romania	694,5	838,2	841,2	631,9

External trade of goods

Continued

	2017	2018	2019	2020
Russian Federation	571,7	720,7	692,5	603,5
Ukraine	511,1	577,1	568,9	527,4
Germany	390,6	483,1	484,1	452,2
Turkey	304,3	340,4	400,5	388,2
Italy	331,3	389,5	406,4	346,8
Poland	165,7	202,7	201,6	217,2
France	112,7	132,4	147,0	121,3
Belarus	114,6	128,2	131,0	113,8
Hungary	99,6	110,7	108,9	100,5
Czech Republic	68,2	87,0	112,9	96,1
Spain	60,7	75,9	81,0	78,3
United States of America	70,2	72,9	74,3	68,4
Austria	80,3	103,6	92,1	62,7
Bulgaria	74,1	64,6	56,2	62,7
Netherlands	47,8	60,7	57,1	59,7
Kazakhstan	1,7	6,0	11,7	58,3
Japan	37,5	53,1	51,7	56,4
United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland	57,1	59,9	58,7	50,1
Viet Nam	38,4	38,6	47,2	45,2
North Korea	26,1	38,5	41,1	43,4
Belgium	38,5	45,7	41,5	41,6
India	26,9	31,0	35,6	39,6
Switzerland	31,7	35,9	34,9	34,5
Serbia	18,0	27,0	24,3	34,2
Slovakia	24,3	33,1	34,2	30,8
Slovenia	17,4	23,2	23,5	26,6
Greece	25,5	24,1	22,2	25,1
Sweden	19,7	25,4	25,2	22,2
Portugal	13,8	17,8	20,4	20,6
Ecuador	12,5	15,0	17,1	19,6
Taiwan, province of China	18,9	20,4	21,8	17,7
Lithuania	12,4	13,5	15,3	14,9
Danmark	14,6	16,5	12,8	14,2
Malaysia	9,7	11,3	12,9	13,5
Latvia	8,8	12,9	11,9	12,6
Finland	13,4	13,4	13,9	12,0
Bangladesh	9,0	10,7	10,2	10,9
Israel	8,9	12,3	10,6	9,9
Brazil	5,5	11,8	11,3	9,5

Internal trade and market services



Turnover in trade and market services

	Million lei			Previous year = 100		
	2018	2019	2020	2018	2019	2020
Turnover for enterprises with the main activity in:						
retail trade (except trade of motor vehicles and motorcycles)	49 270,9	58 799,9	61 676,4	107,6 ¹	113,2 ¹	104,6 ¹
market services rendered to the population	18 315,6	21 588,6	18 791,0	110,9 ¹	114,6 ¹	84,3 ¹
wholesale and retail trade of motor vehicles and their repair	9 060,4	11 452,1	9 383,0	106,9 ²	126,4 ²	81,9 ²
wholesale trade (except trade of motor vehicles and motorcycles)	99 049,6	114 048,8	107 737,1	107,4 ²	114,7 ²	94,4 ²
market services rendered to enterprises	42 011,1	46 453,4	39 311,5	104,1 ²	108,2 ²	84,5 ²

¹ Comparable prices

² Current prices

Finance



National public budget

	2017	2018	2019	2020
Revenues:				
total, million lei	53 377,6	57 995,9	62 949,2	62 655,3
in % to GDP	29,8	30,1	30,0	30,4
Expenditures:				
total, million lei	54 522,4	59 608,9	65 971,9	73 274,9
in % to GDP	30,5	31,0	31,4	35,5
Surplus (+), deficit (-):				
total, million lei	-1 144,8	-1 613,0	-3 022,7	-10 619,6
in % to GDP	-0,6	-0,8	-1,4	-5,1

Source: Ministry of Finance

The credit balance in economy, end-year

million lei

	2017	2018	2019	2020
The credit balance – total	38 100,8	39 656,2	44 205,4	48 749,0
short-term loans	2 480,3	2 345,7	2 295,0	2 705,4
middle and long-term loans	35 620,5	37 310,5	41 910,4	46 043,6

Source: National Bank of Moldova

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